

HOW CAN WE IMPROVE THE ISC LOCATION PROCEDURES?

Johannes Schweitzer



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Basics - 1

- Location routine HYPOSAT (Schweitzer, 2001), a Geiger-type inversion algorithm using Generalized Matrix Inversion with SVD.
- Seismic phases used as defining during all tests:
P_g, P_b, P_n, P (= "P")
- Seismic phases used in some tests (and when reported) as defining:
surface reflections p"P", s"P", s"S", p"S"
core phases PKP_{df}, PKP_{bc}, PKP_{ab} (= "PKP")
core reflections P_cP, P_cS, S_cS, S_cP
direct S onsets S_g, S_b, S_n, L_g, S and SKS_{ac}
- Velocity models tested:
Jeffreys-Bullen, PREM, IASP91, SP6, AK135
- The ISC location was used as start solution including the ISC depth as fixed. Then, the found solution was again inverted with free depth.

Basics - 2

- The ISC listed (i, e, ' ') qualities were converted in assumed reading uncertainties σ :

$$i: \sigma = 0.1 \text{ s}$$

$$e: \sigma = 0.5 \text{ s}$$

$$' ': \sigma = 1.0 \text{ s}$$

In the case of readings given with an accuracy of 1/100 s,

$$i: \sigma = 0.1 \text{ s}$$

$$e: \sigma = 0.25 \text{ s}$$

$$' ': \sigma = 0.5 \text{ s}$$

Secondary onsets:

$$\text{P type phases: } \sigma = 1.5 * \sigma$$

$$\text{S type phases: } \sigma = 2.0 * \sigma$$

- Because the total number of backazimuth and ray parameter observations in the test-data set is very small, the influence of these parameters could no be tested.

Basics - 3

- The inversion stopped, whenever the (3D) distance between the solutions of became smaller than 0.5 km.
- The 80 earthquakes and 76 explosions were altogether tested for 278 parameter combinations. This resulted in 24.408 valid locations; 15.433 earthquakes and 8.975 explosions.
- **No** new phase association was tried. Phase renaming was only allowed inside of one phase type (e.g., Pg < > Pb).
- No correction of obvious input-data errors.

Example for Double Entries

DATA TYPE BULLETIN IMS1.0:short
 ISC Comprehensive Bulletin
 Event 97710 Sweden

| Date | Time | Err | RMS | Latitude | Longitude | Smaj | Smin | Az | Depth | Err | Ndef | Nsta | Gap | mdist | Mdist | Qual | Author | OrigID |
|------------|-------------|------|------|----------|-----------|-------|------|----|-------|-----|------|------|-----|-------|-------|------|--------|---------|
| 1995/06/08 | 21:19:00 | | | 62.6700 | 17.9800 | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | IASPEI | 4565104 |
| 1995/06/08 | 21:19:00.00 | | | 62.6700 | 17.9800 | | | | 0.0 | | 10 | | | 2.20 | | | IWREF | 6353900 |
| 1995/06/08 | 21:19:59.30 | | | 62.7900 | 17.8800 | | | | 0.0 | | | | 6 | | | | EIDC | 224909 |
| 1995/06/08 | 21:20:02.40 | | | 62.8360 | 17.8180 | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | BER | 224910 |
| 1995/06/08 | 21:19:57.93 | 0.71 | 0.76 | 62.9196 | 17.7987 | 8.276 | 9.5 | 90 | 0.0f | | 10 | 10 | 146 | 2.00 | 14.00 | m i | ISCL | 224911 |

| Sta | Dist | EvAz | Phase | Time | TRes | Azim | AzRes | Slow | SRes | Def | SNR | Amp | Per | Qual | Magnitude | ArrID |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|------|------|-------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----------|---------|
| VAF | 2.23 | 85.0 | PN | 21:20:37.8 | 1.2 | | | | | T | | | | | | 3233021 |
| VAF | 2.23 | | Sn | 21:21:07.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233022 |
| VAF | 2.23 | | Lg | 21:21:08.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233023 |
| HFS | 3.42 | 217.0 | PN | 21:20:53.43 | -0.1 | | | | | T | | 3.1 | 0.10 | | | 3233024 |
| HFS | 3.42 | | Sn | 21:21:33.58 | | | | | | | | 2.7 | 0.30 | | | 3233025 |
| HFS | 3.42 | | LG | 21:21:45.13 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233026 |
| NORES | 3.69 | 236.0 | PN | 21:20:57.5 | 0.1 | | | | | T | | | | | | 3233027 |
| NORES | 3.69 | | Sn | 21:21:41.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233028 |
| NORES | 3.69 | | Lg | 21:21:55.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233029 |
| NRAO | 3.69 | 236.0 | PN | 21:20:57.92 | 0.5 | | | | | T | | 0.9 | 0.10 | | | 3233030 |
| NRAO | 3.69 | | LG | 21:21:55.67 | | | | | | | | 6.0 | 0.20 | | | 3233031 |
| FIAO | 4.15 | 107.0 | PN | 21:21:03.86 | -0.2 | | | | | T | | 2.2 | 0.20 | | | 3233035 |
| FIAO | 4.15 | | Sn | 21:21:52.89 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233036 |
| FIAO | 4.15 | | LG | 21:22:08.71 | | | | | | | | 7.7 | 0.30 | | | 3233037 |
| FINES | 4.15 | 107.0 | PN | 21:21:03.6 | -0.4 | | | | | T | | | | | | 3233032 |
| FINES | 4.15 | | Sn | 21:21:52.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233033 |
| FINES | 4.15 | | Lg | 21:22:07.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233034 |
| ARAO | 7.33 | 22.0 | PN | 21:21:48.95 | 0.1 | | | | | T | | 1.8 | 0.20 | | | 3233040 |
| ARAO | 7.33 | | Sn | 21:23:11.03 | | | | | | | | 0.2 | 0.20 | | | 3233041 |
| ARCES | 7.33 | 22.0 | PN | 21:21:48.4 | -0.5 | | | | | T | | | | | | 3233038 |
| ARCES | 7.33 | | Sn | 21:23:13.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3233039 |
| APAO | 7.91 | 47.0 | PN | 21:21:56.71 | -0.2 | | | | | T | | | | | | 3233042 |
| GERES | 14.29 | 191.0 | P | 21:23:19.7 | -3.6 | | | | | T | | | | | | 3233043 |

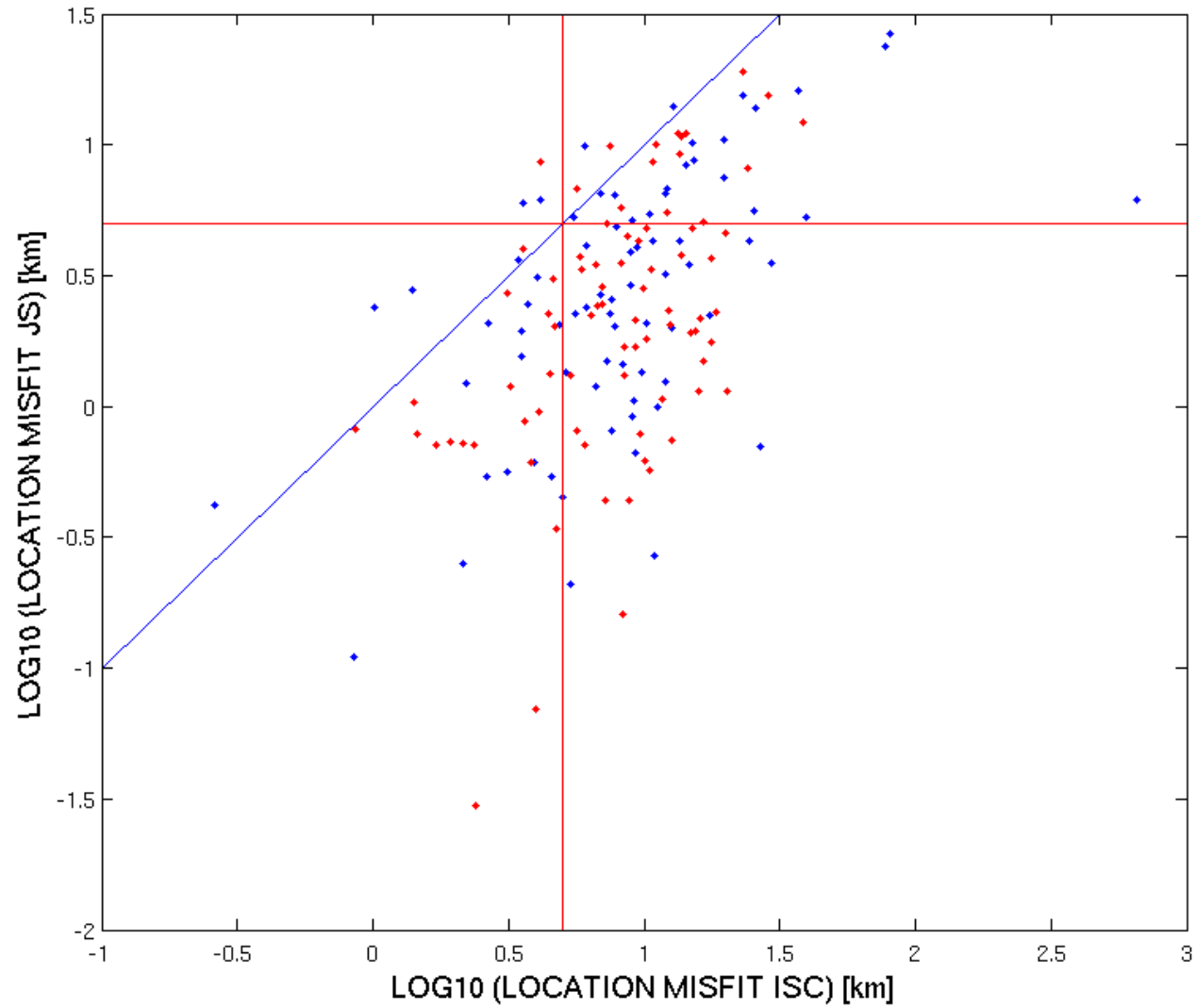
STOP

Best Epicenter Solutions

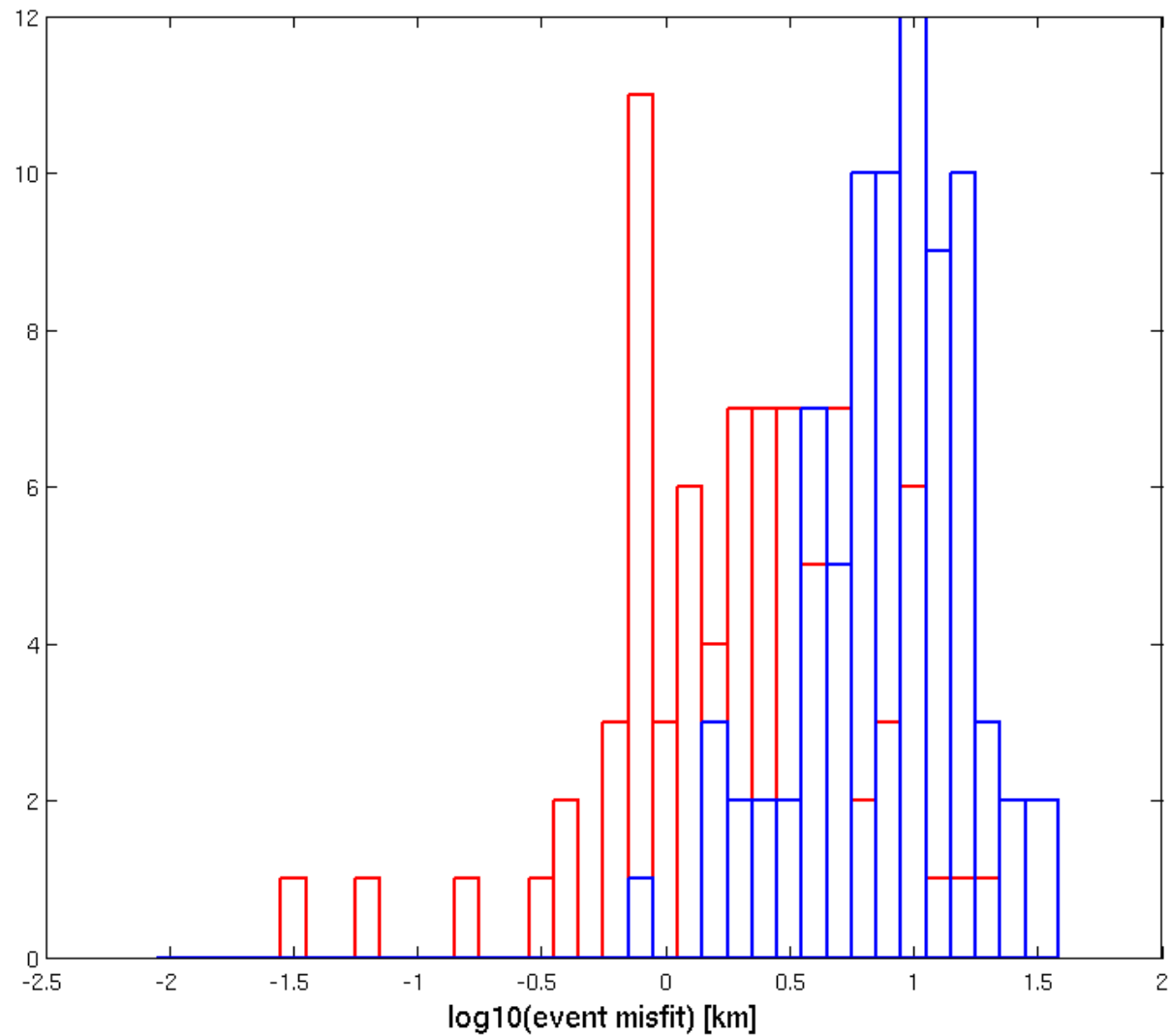
Location errors of the best of all epicenters:

| | ISC | JS |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Earthquakes, mean error | 9.83 km | 3.53 km |
| Earthquakes, median | 8.59 km | 2.21 km |
| Explosions, mean error | 20.54 km | 8.61 km |
| Explosions, median | 4.47 km | 2.73 km |

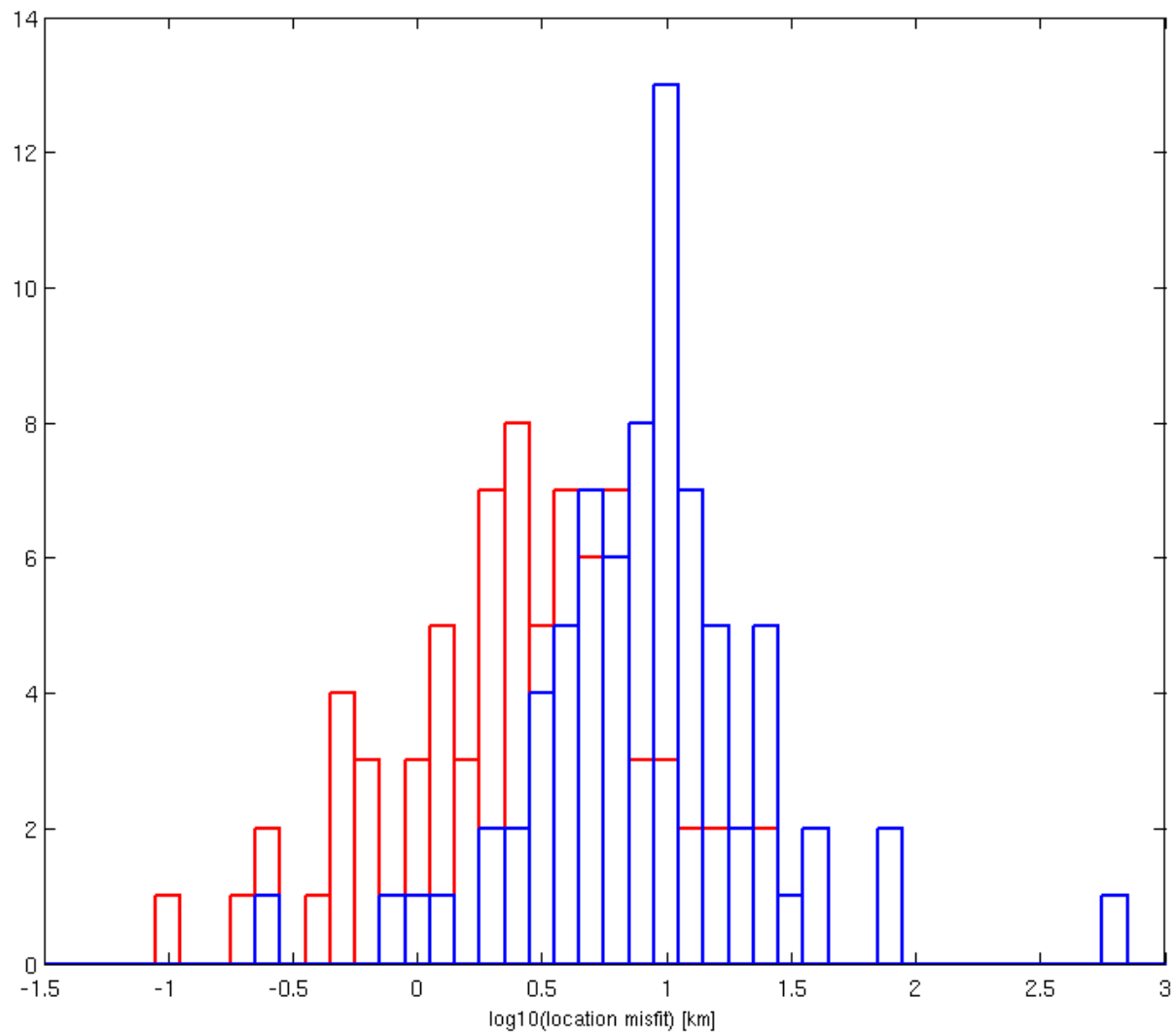
Best Epicenter Solutions



Best Epicenter Solutions: Earthquakes



Best Epicenter Solutions: Explosions



Problems

No common rule of parameter settings
to achieve these locations!

Many different parameter settings result in solutions
better than the ISC solutions!

Definition of 'Well' Located Events – 1

epicentral error after relocation \leq ISC epicentral error

or

absolute epicentral error after relocation \leq 5 km (GT-5)

From the 15.433 earthquakes and 8.975 explosions located remain **4.622** earthquakes and **3.018** explosions.

Definition of 'Well' Located Events – 2

depth error after relocation \leq ISC depth error

or

absolute depth error after relocation \leq 5 km

From the 4.622 earthquakes and 3.018 explosions located remain **2.889** earthquakes and **2.240** explosions:

Definition of 'Well' Located Events – 3

'Well' located are:

$2.889 / 15.433 = \mathbf{18.72\%}$ of all earthquakes

$2.240 / 8.975 = \mathbf{24.96\%}$ of all explosions

$5.129 / 24.408 = \mathbf{21.01\%}$ of all events

Earth Model Test – Jeffreys-Bullen

In this case 'well' located are:

$678 / 3944 = 17.19\%$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$713 / 2681 = 26.59\%$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

$1391 / 6625 = 21.00\%$ of all events (ref: 21.01%)

Earth Model Test – PREM

In this case 'well' located are:

404 / 2887 = **13.99%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

335 / 1598 = **20.96%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

739 / 4485 = **16.48%** of all events (ref: 21.01%)

Earth Model Test – IASP91

In this case 'well' located are:

614 / 2911 = **21.09%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

393 / 1589 = **24.73%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

1007 / 4500 = **22.38%** of all events (ref: 21.01%)

Earth Model Test – SP6

In this case 'well' located are:

$576 / 2725 = 20.81\%$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$331 / 1423 = 23.26\%$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

$898 / 4448 = 21.65\%$ of all events (ref: 21.01%)

Earth Model Test – AK135

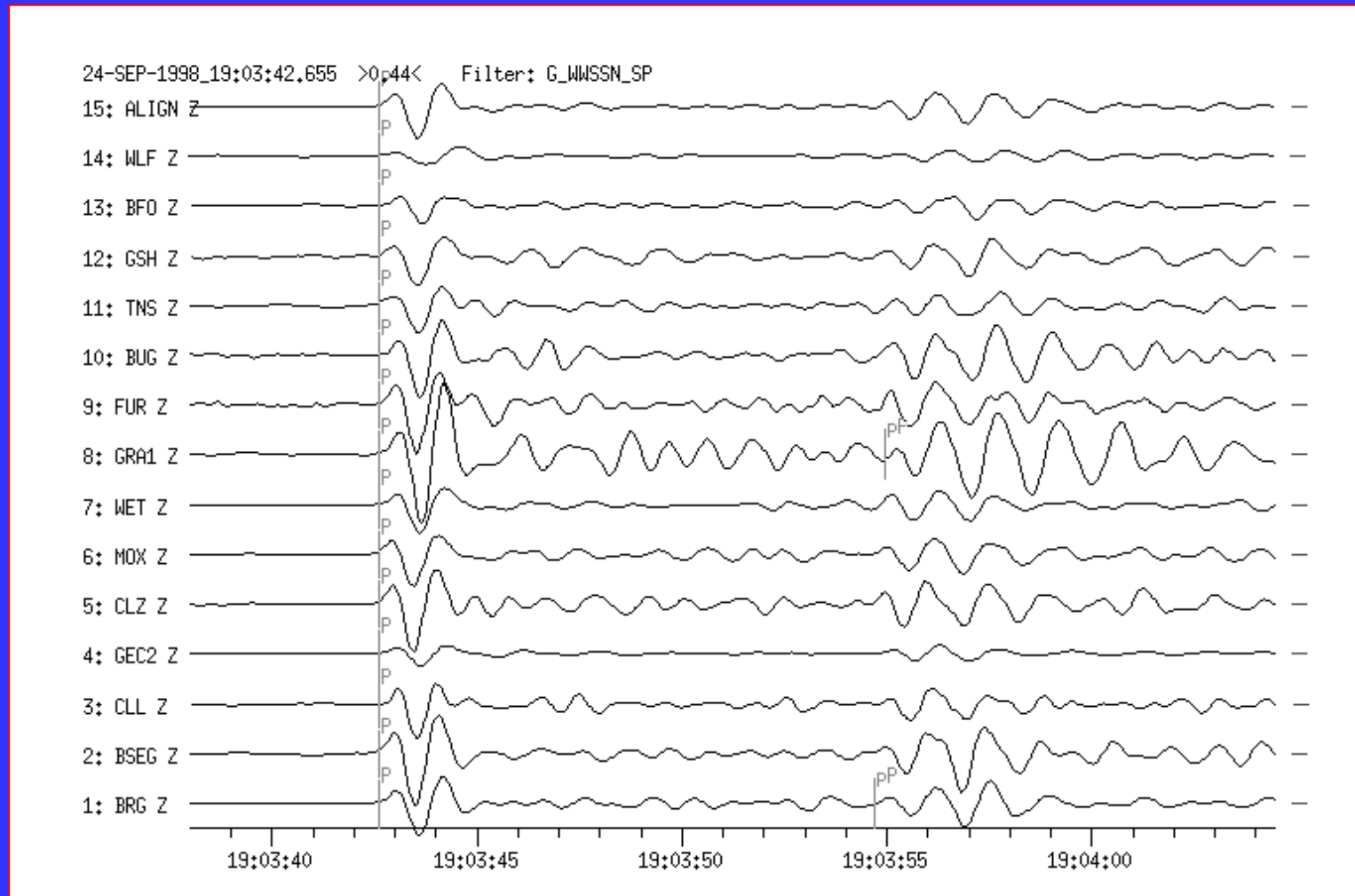
In this case 'well' located are:

626 / 2966 = **21.11%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

468 / 1684 = **27.79%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

1094 / 4650 = **23.53%** of all events (ref: 21.01%)

Two Sided Uncertainty – 1



correct onset time: $t_0 - \sigma_1 < t_0 > t_0 + \sigma_2$

Two Sided Uncertainty – 2

Negative residuals (obs-Cal) $\sigma = 0.5 * \sigma$:

34 / 166 = **20.48%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

49 / 154 = **31.82%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Negative residuals (obs-Cal) $\sigma = 0.75 * \sigma$:

58 / 330 = **17.58%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

97 / 317 = **30.60%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Secondary Phases – Direct S

In this case 'well' located are:

2056 / 11568 = **17.77%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

1158 / 5763 = **20.09%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

But for model AK135 only:

470 / 2326 = **20.21%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

252 / 1153 = **21.86%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

722 / 3479 = **20.75%** of all events (ref: 21.01)

Secondary Phases – "PKP"

In this case 'well' located are:

$612 / 3741 = 16.36\%$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$286 / 1452 = 19.70\%$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Secondary Phases – Surface Reflections

In this case 'well' located are:

$1021 / 5503 = \mathbf{18.55\%}$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$197 / 1662 = \mathbf{11.85\%}$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Secondary Phases – Surface Reflections & Correcting for Reflection Points

In this case 'well' located are:

$483 / 2568 = \mathbf{18.81\%}$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$88 / 724 = \mathbf{12.15\%}$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Secondary Phases – Core Reflections

Distance range for PcP and ScS: 45 – 75°

Distance range for PcS and ScP: 20 – 42°

In this case 'well' located are:

$783 / 4588 = 17.07\%$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$204 / 1440 = 14.17\%$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Secondary Phases – Surface Reflections & Core Reflections

In this case 'well' located are:

646 / 3206 = **20.15%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

194 / 978 = **19.84%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Station Corrections From Crust 5x5

In this case 'well' located are:

108 / 491 = **22.00%** of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

169 / 470 = **35.96%** of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Removing Data – 1

To increase the location accuracy defining onsets with larger residuals were systematically removed during the last inversion steps:

In this case 'well' located are:

$77 / 317 = \mathbf{24.29\%}$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$90 / 260 = \mathbf{33.83\%}$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Removing Data – 2

To increase the location accuracy defining data with with very little new information (diagonal elements of the Information Density Matrix) were systematically removed during the last inversion steps:

In this case "well" located are:

1) smaller than 0.5% of the maximum diagonal element

$242 / 1048 = \mathbf{23.09\%}$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$184 / 583 = \mathbf{31.56\%}$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

2) smaller than 1.0% of the maximum diagonal element

$71 / 325 = \mathbf{21.78\%}$ of all earthquakes (ref: 18.72%)

$94 / 287 = \mathbf{32.75\%}$ of all explosions (ref: 24.96%)

Conclusions – 1

To achieve better locations, the tests show a preference for :

- AK135 (over all and for "S")
- specific corrections for local structures (station corrections, reflection point corrections)
- removing in a late inversion stage the data set for bad or un-informative entries
- a combined usage of surface and core reflections
- usage of double-sided uncertainties

Conclusions – 2

To achieve better locations, the tests show no(!) preference for :

- a general usage of PKP-type onsets
- a general usage of core reflections

